$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
\hline
-(H_2C-C) \\
C = 0 \\
R^2 \\
O \\
R^2
\end{array}$$

in which R1 is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group and R2 is an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms,

from 20 to 50% by moles of 2-oxooxapentyl (meth) acrylate units having the formula: (a2)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
\hline
R_2C - C \\
\hline
C = 0
\end{array}$$

in which R1 is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group,

from 20 to 40% by moles of 1-hydroxyadamantyl (meth) acrylate units. (a3)